

LOCAL EXCHANGE SERVICE

1. Definitions

Certain terms used generally throughout this tariff are defined below.

Advance Payment: Payment of all or part of a charge required before the start of service.

Authorized User: A person, firm, corporation or other entity that either is authorized by the Customer to use local exchange telephone service or is placed in a position by the Customer, either through acts or omissions, to use local exchange telephone service.

Business Communications Service: A switched network service which provides for dial Station origination for which the subscriber pays a rate that is described as a business or commercial rate.

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1. Definitions (Cont'd)

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Company: MCImetro Access Transmission Services LLC d/b/a Verizon Access Transmission Services, a Delaware corporation, which is the issuer of this tariff for Local Services.

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Customer: The person, firm, corporation or other entity which orders service and is responsible for the payment of charges and for compliance with the Company's tariff regulations.

Customer Group Dialing Plan: A dialing scheme shared by the members of a Customer group, such as 4 digit internal dialing.

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1. Definitions (Cont'd)

Dial Pulse (DP): The pulse type employed by rotary dial Station sets.

Dual Tone Multi-Frequency ("DTMF"): The pulse type employed by tone dial Station sets.

Due Date Change: A customer-initiated request to delay the service commencement date after an order for service has been placed.

Exchange Carrier: Any individual, partnership, association, joint-stock company, trust, governmental entity or corporation engaged in the provision of local exchange telephone service.

Expedite: A service order that is processed at the request of the customer in a time period shorter than the Company standard Service Interval.

Individual Case Basis: A service arrangement in which the regulations, rates and charges are developed based on the specific circumstances of the Customer's situation.

Interim Local Number Portability (ILNP) (via Remote Call Forwarding (RCF)): Remote Call Forwarding allows a Local Line Customer to retain its existing Local Exchange Carrier telephone number by using this feature to port its telephone number to MCI Local Service. Monthly charges will apply per telephone number. A number of paths can be associated with this number to permit multiple simultaneous calls to be received. A maximum of 99 paths can be associated with a single ported number.

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1. Definitions (Cont'd)

Joint User: A person, firm or corporation designated by the Customer as a user of local exchange service furnished to the Customer by the Company, and to whom a portion of the charges for such facilities are billed under a joint use arrangement.

LATA: A local access and transport area established pursuant to the Modification of Final Judgment entered by the United States District Court for the District of Columbia in Civil Action No. 82-0192 for the provision and administration of communications services.

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Local Calling: A completed call or telephonic communication between a calling Station and any other Station within the local service area of the calling Station.

Local Exchange Carrier: A company which furnishes exchange telephone service.

Mbps: Megabits, or millions of bits, per second.

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Multiple Appearance Directory Numbers: A directory number that is assigned more than once to one or more Proprietary Business Sets.

Multi-Frequency ("MF"): An inter-machine pulse-type used for signaling between telephone switches, or between telephone switches and PBX/key systems.

Non-Recurring Charges: The one-time initial charges for services or facilities, including but not limited to charges for construction, installation, or special fees, for which the Customer becomes liable at the time the Service Order is executed.

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1. Definitions (Cont'd)

Off-Hook: The term "off-hook" denotes the active condition of a telephone exchange service line.

On-Hook: The term "on-hook" denotes the idle condition of a telephone exchange service line.

Overflow Routing

Where technical capabilities exist, overflow routing allows the redirection of incoming calls based on customer conditions of either "all trunks busy" or disaster-based service outages. The redirection (Overflow) will route to an alternate number designation determined by the customer. Standard simultaneous call "path" allocations are usually (1) per number. However, a customer may opt to increase their "path" quantities per number based on their ability to process simultaneous call volumes during overflow conditions. A monthly recurring charge will apply based on a "per path/per number" scenario". In addition, toll charges may be assessed if the alternate number designated by the customer is not toll free and is outside of their service address rate center.

Presubscription: An arrangement whereby a Customer may select and designate to the Company an Exchange Carrier it wishes to access, without an access code, for completing intraLATA toll calls. The selected Exchange Carrier is referred to as the End User's Primary Interexchange Carrier (PIC-2).

Recurring Charges: The monthly charges to the Customer for services, facilities and equipment, which continue for the agreed upon duration of the service.

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1. Definitions (Cont'd)

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Services: The Company's telecommunications services offered on the Company's network.

Shared Facilities: A facility or equipment system or subsystem which can be used simultaneously by several Customers.

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LOCAL EXCHANGE SERVICE

1. Definitions (Cont'd)

Station: Telephone equipment from or to which calls are placed.

Toll Restriction: Used to prevent a Station from dialing certain codes and numbers.

User: A Customer or any other person authorized by the Customer to use service provided under this tariff.

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