

Verizon New England Inc.

1. Application of Tariff

1.1 General

1.1.1 Concurring, Connecting and Other Participating Carriers

- A. There are no concurring, connecting or other participating carriers.

1.1.2 Page Revisions

- A. **Issued and Effective Dates**— As a result of regulatory initiatives tariff pages are revised and filed with the DTC on a continual basis. When tariff pages are filed, they show an issued and effective date (see page bottom). The issued date is the day upon which the pages were filed. The effective date is 30 days following the issued date, or the date upon which the pages have been ordered to become effective. (T)

- B. **Page Identity**— Each tariff page displays unique page identification information (see page top right). The first issuance of a page is labeled as the original. Future revisions are issued sequentially as follows, first revision, second revision, third revision, etc. Revised pages cancel effective pages. The effective page is the foundation upon which all revisions are made.

- C. **Supplement Numbers**— Tariff pages are occasionally issued as supplements. This occurs when the page being filed is already pending DTC decision in another regulatory initiative. When the pending page becomes effective and the supplement page becomes effective as well, it becomes necessary to incorporate the revisions contained on the supplement page into a standard number tariff page. The incorporation will generally occur in the next regulatory initiative in which that page is involved. (T)

1.1.3 Tariff Codes

- A. Appearing in the right margins of tariff pages are alphabetical characters enclosed in parenthesis. These characters represent a coding mechanism to explain the modification that has been made from one page revision to the next. They are as follows.
1. (C)—A change in regulation
 2. (D)—A deletion due to discontinuance of a rate or regulation
 3. (I)—A rate that has been increased
 4. (N)—A new regulation or rate
 5. (R)—A rate that has been decreased
 6. (S)—The incorporation of approved material issued under a Supplement
 7. (T)—Text that has changed without causing a change in regulation
 8. (X)—Text that has been moved from one page to another

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1.2 Referencing**1.2.1 Reference to Other Tariffs**

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| A. | Whenever reference is made in this tariff to other tariffs of the Telephone Company, the reference is to the tariffs in force as of the effective date of this tariff, and to amendments thereto and successive issues thereof. |
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1. Application of Tariff**1.3 Definitions**

1.3.1 Abbreviations	
AUL	Annual Underutilization Liability
FCC	Federal Communications Commission
ILP	Initial Liability Period
LATA	Local Access and Transport Area
MTL	Maximum Termination Liability
NRC	Nonrecurring Charge
OCC	Other Common Carrier
RMC	Recurring Monthly Charge

1.3.2 Definitions	
Actual Cost	All costs charged against a specific case of special construction, including any appropriate taxes.
Annual Underutilization Liability	A per unit amount which may be billed annually if fewer services are in use utilizing specially constructed facilities at filed tariff rates than were originally specially constructed.
Estimated Cost	All estimated costs that will be incurred in providing a specific case of special construction, including any appropriate taxes.
Facilities	Any cable, poles, conduit, microwave or carrier equipment, wire center distribution frames, central office switching equipment, etc., utilized to provide intrastate access services.
Installed Cost	The total investment (estimated or actual) required by the Telephone Company to provide specially constructed facilities.
Local Access and Transport Area	A geographic area established by the Telephone Company for the provision and administration of communications service. It encompasses designated exchanges, which are grouped to serve common social, economic, and other purposes.
MA Product Guide	The Verizon New England Inc. Commonwealth of Massachusetts Product Guide as posted on Verizon's website.
Maximum Termination Liability	The maximum amount which may be billed if all services using specially constructed facilities are terminated prior to the expiration of the maximum termination liability period.

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1.3 Definitions

1.3.2	Definitions
	Maximum Termination Liability Period —The length of time for which a termination charge may apply if all services using specially constructed facilities are terminated. The filed maximum termination liability period is equal to the average account life of the specially constructed facilities, except in the case of the Federal Government.
	Net Salvage —The estimated scrap, sale, or trade-in value, less the estimated cost of removal. Cost of removal includes the costs of demolishing, tearing down, or otherwise disposing of the material and any other applicable costs. Since the cost of removal may exceed salvage value, net salvage may be negative.
	Nonrecoverable Cost —The cost of specially constructed facilities for which the Telephone Company has no foreseeable use should the service be terminated.
	Normal Construction —All facilities the Telephone Company would normally use to provide service in the absence of a requirement for special construction.
	Normal Cost —The estimated cost to provide services using normal construction.
	Permanent Facilities —Facilities providing service for one month or more.
	Recoverable Cost —The cost of the specially constructed facilities for which the Telephone Company has a foreseeable reuse, either in place or elsewhere, should the service be terminated.
	Telephone Company —Verizon New England Inc. unless otherwise stated.
	Termination Charge —The portion of the maximum termination liability that is applied as an NRC when all services are discontinued prior to the expiration of the specified liability period.